LESSONS IN OTOTIC

A TREATISE ON AHAVAS YISRAEL BY THE REBBE RASHAB לעילוי נשמת יחזקאל בן יהודה שרה בת משה

(N)

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PUBLISHER'S FOREWORD

In this chapter, the Rebbe Rashab continues to develop the conceptual basis for the explanation of the unity that should characterize a Jewish community. He brings an analogy from the powers of the soul, in which instance, every power contains the antithetical power within it. As a result, the powers – even though opposite in nature – can function in harmony.

However, the very fact that a power contains its antithesis requires clarification, for it runs somewhat contrary to our logic. The Rebbe Rashab explains this phenomenon by describing the essential unity the powers share as they exist in the essence of the soul. At that level, they exist in an entirely simple state, above any distinction as individual powers. Instead, they feel themselves, as it were, as nothing more than expressions of the soul. Their existence in this manner in the soul's essence makes it possible for each one to contain its antithetical power and for the two to function in unity.

The Rebbe Rashab continues to illustrate this concept by citing the possibility for water and fire to join in unity. He explains that this is possible because the water and the fire are weakened and do not exhibit their essential power. It is their weakening that makes it possible for the presence of the antithetical power within them to be revealed and thus, for them to join with each other despite their difference.

This concept relates to the definitions of the realms of *Tohu* and *Tikkun* discussed in previous and subsequent chapters. Because the *Sefiros* of *Tohu* shined with all their essential power, they could not join with each other. Conversely, precisely because the *Sefiros* of *Tikkun* are modulated by intellect, "weakened," as it were, they have the potential for connectivity.

The present days anticipate the holiday of Shavuos, the anniversary of the Giving of the Torah, for which the Jews prepared by coming together as "as one man, with one heart." This is an appropriate time to internalize the above concepts and bring them down from an abstract, theoretical plane to an actual one – simply to join together with every member of our community. Even if we

^{1.} Rashi, Shmos 19:2.

see someone whose character seems opposite to our own, we have the potential to join with him or her in brotherly or sisterly love.

These efforts will lead to the fulfillment of our prayers, "Bless us, our Father, all as one;" our oneness will serve as a medium that draws down Divine blessing, including the ultimate blessing, the coming of *Mashiach*.

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^{2.} Tanya, ch. 32.

ו) **וביאוך** הענין הוא, דהנה, בכל דבר יש בו בהעלם דבר והיפוכו, גם הכחות העצמיים, יש בכ״א מהם ההתכללות מהכח ההפכי. והיינו מצד העצמות שלמעלה גם מהכחות עצמיים, דבהעצמות ישנם כולם בבחי׳ התכללות ממש.

-6-

דבאור הְעְנְיֵן הוּא, To clarify further the concept of division which brings about unity mentioned in the previous chapter:

דְּהָנֵּה בְּכֶל דָּבֶר יֵשׁ בּוֹ Concealed within every entity is its antithesis; בְּהָר וְהָפּוּכוֹ,

, גַם הַלּחוֹת הָעַצְמִיִּים, For example, even each of the soul's essential powers

In the context of this *maamar*, the term "essential powers" refers to the original potential for the powers of our souls as they exist in a preconscious state.

יֵשׁ בְּכָל אֶחָד מֵהֶם has its antithesis incorporated within it. הַהִּתְּבֵּלְלוּת מֵהַכֹּחַ הַהַפְּבִּי.

This is so by virtue of the soul's essence,

שֶׁלְמַעְלָה גַּם which transcends even its essential powers מהפֿחוֹת עצמיים,

דְּבְהָעֵצְמוּת יֶשְׁנָם כָּלְם and contains all of them in perfect synthesis. בְּבְחִינַת הָתְּכַּלְלוּת מַמְּשׁ.

The Rebbe Rashab is referring to a concept explained in detail in other sources of *Chassidus*: The essence of the soul is a simple, singular entity, above all identification with specific powers or qualities. Every person has a fundamental "I" that cannot be quantified or described in any manner or form. It is a spark of G-dliness and, like G-d, is unlimited, uncompounded, and undefined. However, as a person functions in his everyday life, he uses various powers, for example, intellect and emotion. The relationship between these powers and the essence of the soul requires detailed explanation. On one hand, these powers are very different from the essence of the soul. They have a specific identity and definition, each one related to the function it performs. On the other hand, it cannot be said that their source is outside the essence of the soul. Were that to be true, it would be difficult to understand how they became implanted within the soul.

^{1.} See the series of maamarim entitled BeShaah Shehikdimu, 5672, Vol. 1, secs. 95-6; Likkutei Sichos, Vol. 23, pp. 57-58; et al.

וכמו עצם הנפש שלמעלה גם מהכחות עצמיים הכלולים בו. ה״ה נושא בעצמו כל הכחות. ושם הם בבחינת התכללות ממש. שהרי איז שם כחות פרטים כלל. אף לא כמו

Accordingly, Chassidus explains that within the essence of the soul, there exist all the different potentials and powers that are later revealed. However, they do not exist as distinct entities, but rather as potentials. Indeed, the use of the term potential has to be clarified because a potential does in fact exist, it just has not become actual. Chassidus explains this by using the analogy of fire with a coal. Although the fire is not evident or visible, it exists as a separate entity distinct from the coal. However, the analogy is not an entirely appropriate description of the manner in which our different powers exist in the essence of the soul, for the essence of the soul is, as stated above, utterly simple, uncompounded, and undefined. Were the powers of the soul to exist within the essence of the soul as distinct potentials, it would be a compounded entity. However, the fact that later the soul exhibits these powers compels us to say that they exist within its essence in some manner, abstract and rarefied as that level of existence is.

As the powers exist on this level, they are totally at one, both with the essence of the soul and with each other. It is not only that since their individual identities are not defined, they are not in conflict with each other. Instead, at this level, they sense, if that term can be used, themselves as expressions of the soul's essence and not as distinct powers. Therefore, the unity among them is consummate. As such, even when these powers emerge as distinct entities, they contain their antithesis in a concealed state. These concepts are evident from the explanations that follow:

עצמיים הכלולים בו,

דכמו עצם הגפש The essence of the soul transcends even the שְלְמַעְלָה גַּם מַהַכּחוֹת essential powers contained within it,

and yet bears them all. The Rebbe Rashab uses the term "bear" to refer to the manner in which the essence of the soul contains the potentials for the different powers in the abstract and rarefied manner described above.

דשם הם בּבְחִינַת Within the essence of the soul, the powers coalesce יהתבללות ממש, in total unity,

for, on that rung, no separate, particular powers exist, פַרַטִים כַּלַל,

הכחות העצמיים (שהם בלתי מציאות נכרת, ומ"מ הם בבחי' כחות כו'), ג"ז אינו שייך לומר שם, ומ"מ בהכרח לומר שהוא נושא כל הכחות, שהרי ממנו נמצאים כל הכחות כו'. וצ"ל שהם שם בבחי' התכללות ממש, שכולם הם דבר אחד ממש (כענין יחיד כו'נ"),

אַף לא כְּמוֹ הַכּּחוֹת הָעַצְמִיִּים	not even in a state of essential powers, above the possibility for conscious expression.
(שֶׁהֵם בַּלְתִּי מְצִיאוּת נִכֶּרֶת,	(In their initial, preliminary state of emanation from the essence, the soul's powers cannot be said to exist as discernible entities.
וּמִכֶּל מָקוֹם הֵם בִּבְחִינַת פֿחוֹת כוּ׳),	Nonetheless, in potentia, they still exist as powers.)
גַּם זֶה אֵינוֹ שַׁיָךְ לוֹמֵר שָׁם,	Even this cannot be said regarding the existence of the powers within the essence of the soul. As mentioned, it is inappropriate to speak of any distinct potential existing within the essence of the soul.
וּמִכָּל מָקוֹם בְּהֶכְרֵח לוֹמַר שֶׁהוּא נוֹשֵׂא כָּל הַכֹּחוֹת,	Nevertheless, it is a logical imperative that the essence includes the possibility for all the powers within itself,
שֶׁהֲרֵי מִּמֶּנוּ נִמְצָאִים כָּל הַכּּחוֹת כוּ׳.	for all the powers do emanate from it. Thus, if they emanate from the essence of the soul, at the very least, a potential – abstract and rarefied as it may be – for them must exist within the essence.
וְצָרִיךְ לוֹמַר שֶׁהֵם שֶׁם בִּבְחִינַת הִתְּכַּלְלוּת מַמְּשׁ, שֶׁכַּלָם הֵם דָּבָר אֶחָד מַמָּשׁ	This being so, it must be said that on that level they are included in absolute synthesis, in such a way that they are actually as one,
בְּלִי שׁוּם הָתְחַלְּקוּת כְּלָל, אֵיזֶה הִתְחַלְּקוּת שֶׁיִּהְיֶה כוּ׳.	with no distinctions at all, transcending any conception of differentiation whatsoever.

powers exist in its essence **resembles the concept** of *yachid*.)²

(בְּעָנְיַן יָחִיד כּוּ׳), (The manner in which the potential for the soul's

^{2.} See chs. 20ff., where the Rebbe Rashab explains this concept at length.

בלי שום התחלקות כלל, איזה התחלקות שיהי׳ כו׳. ומשום זה, גם בהכחות כמו שהם בבחי׳ פרטים. יש בהעלם בכל כח מהכח ההפכי. מצד ההתכללות שלהם שבבחי׳

As explained at length in *Chassidus*, when we proclaim G-d's oneness in the *Shema*, we describe Him as Havayah echad, "the one G-d." Seemingly, it would be more appropriate to describe Him as Havayah yachid, a term which would emphasize His singular oneness for it describes a uniquely sublime level of G-dliness, a rung above the entire framework of existence. There exist levels of G-dliness on which He relates to the various spiritual and physical entities brought into being. Havayah yachid refers to Him as He exist alone, before His conception of these entities.

However, in the Shema, the word echad is more appropriate. Echad, one, being a number, implies the existence of other entities, a two, a three, etc. Similarly, the Shema emphasizes G-d's oneness with the created beings as they exist within their individual identities. Nevertheless, we are compelled to say that even as G-d is yachid, singularly one, His Being allows for the potential for all existence, albeit in a uniquely abstract manner.4 In a somewhat similar manner, the essence of the soul includes within it the possibility for the different soul powers that emerge from it.⁵

ומשום זה,

Therefore, i.e., because they exist in a state of oneness within the soul's essence and are subsumed within the soul, seeing themselves, as it were, as expressions of it,

even when the powers descend to the level where they exist as individual entities, בְּבְחִינֵת פְּרָטִים,

each includes its antithesis in a concealed state.

קהַלְּחַ הַהְפְּכִּי, Fundamentally, every one of the soul's powers is not an individual entity but an expression of the soul. This is also true of the antithetical power; it also is fundamentally an expression of the essence of the soul. Accordingly, every potential has the "space" within it to include a potential that is antithetical to their own being. And since that antithetical potential is also an expression of the essence

of the soul, it can exist within the other power.

^{3.} Torah Or, pp. 32c, 90c, et al.

^{4.} See the concept of yecholes explained in the series of maamarim entitled Yom Toy shel Rosh HaShanah, 5666, p. 181ff.

^{5.} See ibid., p. 246.

העצמות כו'. וכמו שהוא בכחות הנפש, כמו"כ הוא בכל דבר, וכמו מים, יש בו בהעלם גם מיסוד האש, וכן באש יש מיסוד המים, אלא שהוא בהעלם מאד בתכלית ההעלם. וכמו שהוא בגילוי, הרי יסוד המים הוא מים לבד, וא"א להתחבר כלל עם

תצֵּר הַהְתְּכֵּלְלוּת שֶׁלְהֶם The possibility for this inclusion results from their existence in a state of synthesis in the soul's essence.

Chassidus⁶ uses the following example to illustrate the concept of a quality being included in its antithesis: Our Sages⁷ praise those who experience joy in suffering. Suffering is obviously the opposite of joy. However, when a person appreciates the positive outcome from the suffering he experiences and the lofty Divine source from which it emanates, he can experience joy.⁸

This concept applies not only in regard to the soul's powers

but to every component of existence.

וּכְמוֹ מַיִם, יֵשׁ בּוֹ בְּהֶעְלֵם For example, fire exists hidden within water in נַם מִיסוֹד הָאֵשׁ, an elemental state, 9

, וְכֵן בְּאֵשׁ יֵשׁ מִיסוֹד הַמַּיִם, and fire in turn contains water in an elemental state.

אָלָא שֶׁהוּא בְּהֶעְלֵם מְאֹד However, in each case, the existence of the antithesis . בְּתַלְלִית הַהֶּעְלֵם is entirely indiscernible; it is utterly concealed.

ורְמְחוֹ שֶׁהוּא בְּגְלוּי In their revealed states

the element of water is solely water הַבֵּיי יְסוֹד הַפַּיִם לְבָּד הוֹא מֵיִם לְבָּד

^{6.} See *Toras Chayim, Bereishis*, pp. 12b-d, 70c-71b, that explains this concept and also gives a detailed explanation of the concepts that follow regarding the interrelation between fire and water.

^{7.} Shabbos 88b.

^{8.} As explained in *Toras Chayim, loc. cit.*, the possibility for the fusion of the different powers of the soul stems from their inclusion in a state of oneness in the soul's essence. However, the actual fusion of the powers as they exist as separate entities results from the weakening of these essential powers and their emergence in a controlled form where they can coalesce with their antithesis that is accomplished through the power of intellect. This relates to the concepts of *Tohu* and *Tikkun* discussed throughout this *maamar*. As the powers exist in the realm of *Tohu*, they are closer to their essential form and therefore, cannot coalesce with their antithesis. It is through their descent into the realm of *Tikkun* that is controlled by the forces of intellect that the possibility for such synthesis is generated.

^{9.} See Rambam, Hilchos Yesodei HaTorah, chs. 3-4, on which several of the concepts explained in this chapter are based.

האש, וכן האש א"א להתחבר עם המים, והיינו מפני שהאש שבמים הוא בתכלית ההעלם, שאינו ניכר כלל וכלל גם לעצמו כו', ולכן א"א לו משום זה להתחבר עם האש, להיות בהתגלות[™] הוא מים פשוטים כו'. וכמו"כ הוא ביסוד האש כו'. אמנם, כשמחלקים את המים ומוציאים ממנו את האש שבו בגילוי, וכן בהאש מוציאים בגילוי את המים שבו, שז"ע מ"ש בס"יי הוציא אש ממים ומים מאש, אז יכולים להתחבר את המים שבו, שז"ע מ"ש בס"יי הוציא אש ממים ומים מאש, אז יכולים להתחבר

וְאִי אֶפְשָׁר לְהִתְחַבֵּר	and it cannot coalesce with fire at all.
פְלָל עִם הָאֵשׁ,	

וְכֵן הָאֵשׁ אִי אֶפְשָׁר Similarly, fire cannot coalesce with water. להתחבר עם המים,

The rationale is that the elemental dimension of ,הַיְנוּ מִפְּנִי שֶׁהָאֵשׁ שֶׁבַּמַיִּם fire that exists in water is in a state of ultimate hiddenness,

ישָאִינוֹ נִכְּר כְּלֶל וּכְלֶל to the extent that it is not evident at all, not even μ , גם לְעֵצְמוֹ כוּי, to itself.

וֹלְכֵן אִי אָפְשָּׁר לוֹ מְשׁוּם Therefore, for this reason, it cannot join together , אָ אָפְשָּׁר עם הָאִשׁ with fire,

לְהְיוֹת בְּהְתְגַּלוּת הוּא for, in its revealed state, it is simple water. מים פּשׁוּטים כוּ׳.

וּכְמוֹ כֵן הוּא בִּיסוֹר Similar concepts apply to the element of fire. ...

אָמְנָם כְּשֶׁמְחֵלְּקִים However, when water is broken into its fundamental מחלבים tal components,

רמוֹצִיאִים מְּבֶּוּר אֶת the elemental dimension of fire that was within it is הָאֵשׁ שֶׁבּוֹ בְּגִלּוּי, extracted and revealed,

וְכֵן בְּהָאֵשׁ מוֹצִיאִים Similarly, from fire, when the water contained within it is extracted –

שׁנָהוּ עִּנְיַן מַה שֶׁכֶּתוּב this is the meaning of the statement in Sefer Yetzirah,¹º "He extracted fire from water and water מָמֵיִם וּמַיִם מָאֲשׁ, from fire" –

^{10.} Cited thus also in *Toras Chayim* (*loc. cit.*), and elsewhere, though the actual source in *Sefer Yetzirah* is unclear. Perhaps ch.1:12: "Four: Fire from water," and 3:2 (Mantua edition): "For fire contains lit., 'bears' water."

ולהתכלל יחד כו', כי האש שבמים עם המים שבאש יכולים להתחבר, ועי"ז מתחברים המים עם האש, כי המים, ע"י שמחלקים אותו לחלקים ומוצאים בו הכח ההפכי, עי"ז נחלש כחו, וכמו״כ האש, ע״י ההפרדה וההתחלקות שמוצאים בו ההפכי, נחלש ג״כ, ואז יכולים להתחבר יחד כו׳. ונמצא דההתחלקות הזאת היא דוקא סיבת ההתכללות כו׳.

ולהתכלל יחד כו׳,

the two elements can, at this point, coalesce.

התחבר, שבאש יכולים להתחבר, fire can coalesce

דפים שבמים עם המים The "fire" within water and the "water" within

המים עם האש,

יבי זה מְתְחַבּרִים and in this way, water can be joined with fire.

די הַמַּיִם עַל יְדֵי שֵׁמְחַלְּקִים This is possible because when water is broken into its fundamental components,

and its opposite quality is discovered within, ומוֹצְאִים בּוֹ הַכּֿחַ הַהַפְּכִּי,

יבי זה נחלש כחו, its distinctive power is weakened.

דּכְמוֹ כֵן הַאָשׁ, The same is true in the case of fire:

על יְדֵי הַהַפְּרֵדָה Through being separated and broken into its fun-לקות damental components,

its opposite quality is revealed and

גַם בֵּן, it – as explained above regarding water – is weakened.

Then, this weakening makes it possible for the two יַחָד כּוּ׳. opposing elements to come together.

דומצא דההתחלקות Thus, it is this division that is the cause of their תַּבָּת סְבַּת mutual incorporation. With the examples in this chapter, the Rebbe Rashab illustrates the principle he stated at the previous chapter: that when entities are fundamentally one, division will enable a more perfect unity. In their initial essential state, although the different qualities coexisted in a state of oneness, that was possible because their individual natures had yet to be expressed. When they are brought together and synthesized as **קיצור.** בכחות העצמים, באש ומים, ובכל דבר, יש, בהעלם, גם מהיפוכו. ע"י ההתחלקות וגילוי העלם זה, יכולים להתכלל.

explained here, they are joined in oneness even as their different and opposite natures have been revealed.

קצור. Summary:

Within each of the essential powers, similarly יְבְּלְתְּיִם, הְּעֵצְמִים, הְּעֵצְמִים, בְּאֵשׁ within fire and water, and in every element of existence

יַשׁ, בְּהַעְלֵם, גַּם מֶהְפּוּכוֹ. there exists its antithesis in a concealed state.

על יְדֵי הַהְתְחַלְּקוּת Through a process of division, this hidden quality can be revealed and

יכוֹלִים לְהַתְּכַּלֵל. the two elements **may coalesce**, achieving a more perfect unity.

טז) מ״ש בס״י: כן הוא גם בתו״ח שם ובכ״מ, וצ״ע מקומו. וראה בס״י פ״א: ארבע אש ממים. ובפ״ג מ״ב (דפוס מנטובה): שהאש נושא מים.

^{.31} ראה לקמן ע' כד ואילך. וש"נ

^{.32)} בהתגלות: אוצ"ל: שבהתגלות.

POINTS TO PONDER •

- **♦** Creativity ********
- ♦ What insight can you glean from Heichaltzu chapter 6?



